# **TRAVEL RISK MAP 2020** Global health and travel security risks review

CANADA

UNITED STATES

**OF AMERICA** 

(M)

**MEXICO** 

H

Clipperton Island (Fr.)

EL SALVADOR

Galápagos Islands (EC.)

SECUADOR

PERU

H

**U** CHILE

M

BOLIVIA

ARGENTINA

Asunció

Jar

## TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK RATING DEFINITIONS

Hawaii (U.S.)

Palmyra Atoll

= (U.S.)

Jarvis (U.S.)

Cook Island (N.Z.)

administrative barriers.

American Samoa

nternational SOS assigns travel medical risk ratings by assessing a range of health risks and itigating factors, including but not limited to: infectious disease burden, environmental factors

French Polynesia

An overall single rating is given for a location; however the medical landscape can vary widely. For example, major cities may have better access to quality medical care; whereas remote or rural locations may have limited availability of health facilities and specialist care.

edical evacuation data, road trauma data, standard of emergency medical services, outpatient

and inpatient medical care, access to quality pharmaceutical supplies, and cultural, language or

## LOW TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK

Quality medical care is available throughout the country. Specialist care, emergency and dental services, and quality prescription drugs are widely available. Low risk of infectious diseases

## **MEDIUM TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK**

Quality medical care is available from selected providers. Reliable emergency services, limited specialist and dental care are usually available. Some risk of food or water-borne diseases. Potentially life-threatening infectious diseases such as malaria and typhoid may be present.

#### VARIABLE TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK

Significant variation of travel medical risk: Quality medical care, emergency services, and dental care is available from selected providers in major cities, including prescription drugs. Elsewhere: availability of these services may be limited. Similarly, exposure to food, water-borne or potentially life-threatening infectious diseases may vary

#### HIGH TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK

Basic emergency services, medical and dental care may be available. Specialist care s limited even in major cities. A wide range of quality prescription drugs may not be available. Food and water-borne infections are common. Potentially life-threatening infectious diseases such as malaria, typhoid and cholera may persistently pose a threat.

#### VERY HIGH TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK

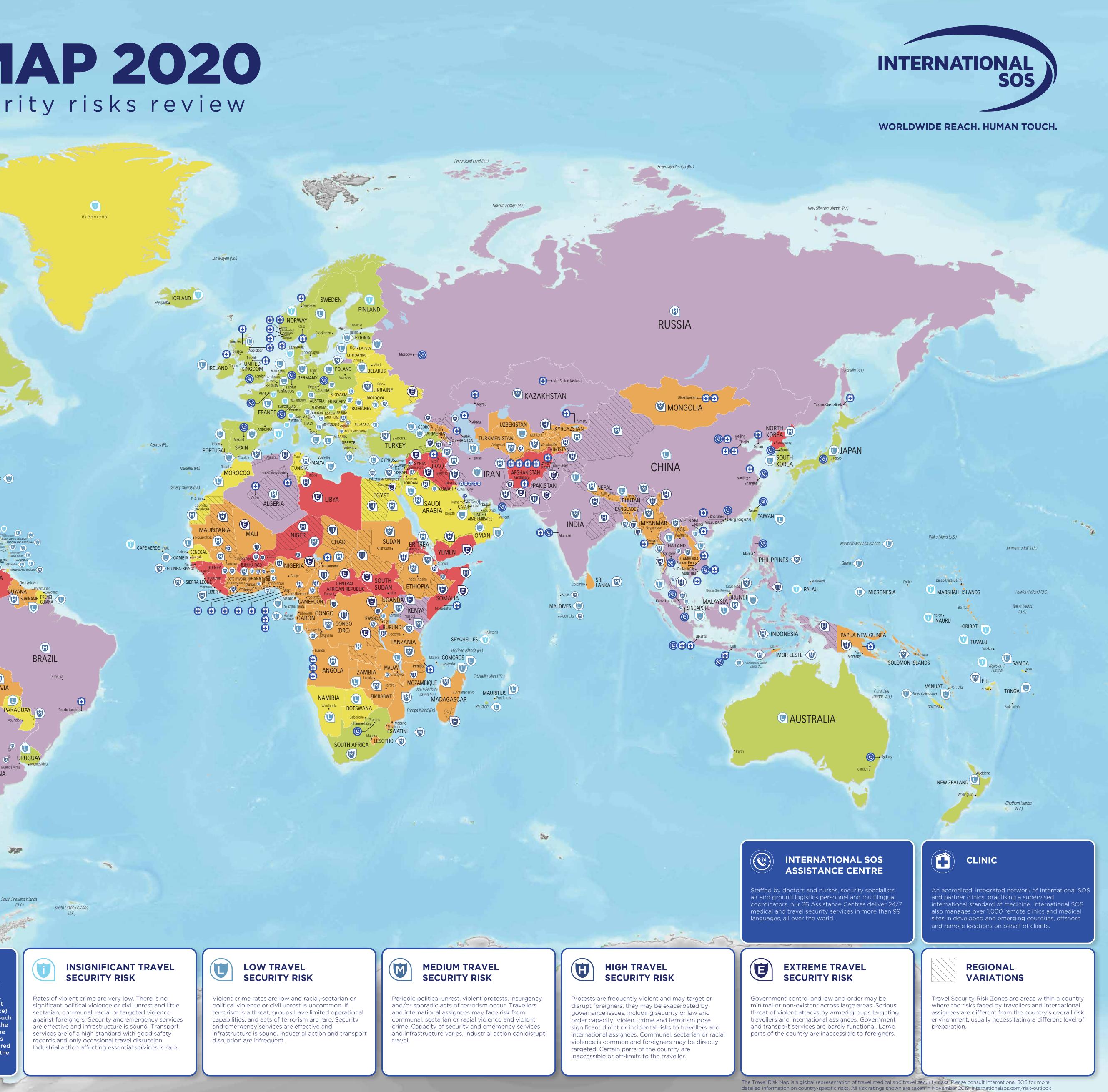
Healthcare is almost non-existent or severely overtaxed. There may be very limited or no primary care, emergency care or dental services. Quality prescription drugs are frequently unavailable. Food and water-borne infections are common. Potentially life-threatening infectious diseases such as malaria and cholera may be persistently present and large outbreaks may occur.

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## **TRAVEL SECURITY RISK RATING** DEFINITIONS

The travel security risk rating evaluates the threat posed to travellers and international assignees by political violence (including terrorism, insurgency, politically motivated unrest and war), social unrest (including sectarian, communal and ethnic violence) as well as violent and petty crime. Other factors, such as the robustness of the transport infrastructure, the state of industrial relations, the effectiveness of the security and emergency services and the country's susceptibility to natural disasters are also considered

where they are of sufficient magnitude to impact the overall risk environment for travellers.





Bermuda (L)



